





Weekly Summary of Vermont COVID-19 Data

Reflecting cases identified between

March 5 – September 23, 2020

Date published: September 25, 2020. This summary will be updated every Friday.



Common Terms and Data Sources

This document contains information about people who have tested positive for COVID-19 in Vermont. You will find data presented in a few different ways throughout this document:

- Count: the number of people who have tested positive for COVID-19 (overall or in a particular group)
- Rate: the number of people who have tested positive for COVID-19 in a particular group, divided by the total number of people in that group. Using rates allows for more direct comparisons between groups.
- Growth rate: a measure of the percent change in COVID-19 cases over time; this tells us how quickly or slowly the disease is spreading in Vermont
- Week: for the purposes of this document, "this week" is defined as September 16 through September 23.

For geographic information, please see the <u>COVID-19 Data Dashboard</u> or <u>Town Map</u>. For more information on data sources, please see our <u>Data Notes</u> document.

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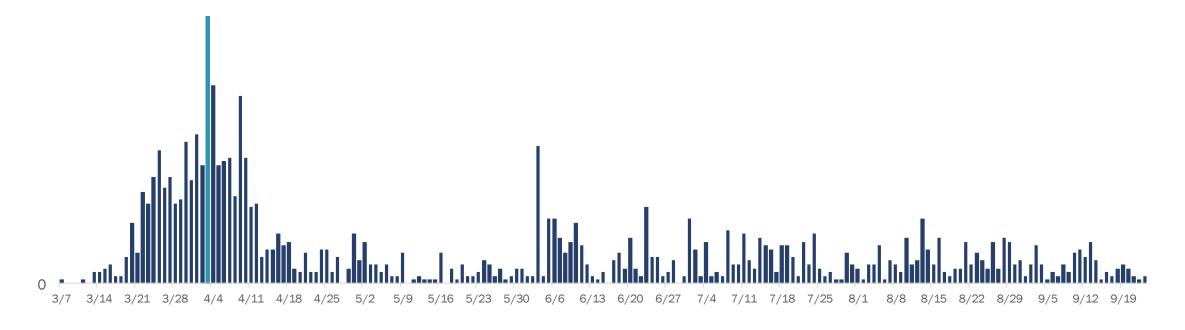
COVID-19 in Vermont

An overview of our number of cases and laboratory testing to date.

Total Number of Cases in Vermont: 1,724

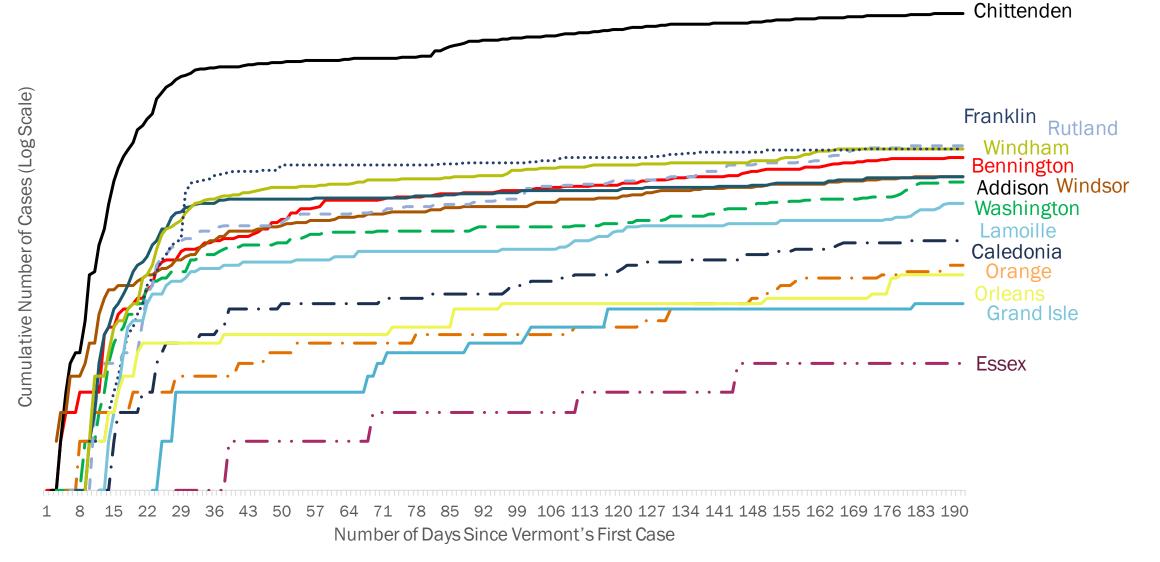
The daily number of COVID-19 cases in Vermont peaked on April 3.

80



Most counties have reached a plateau in the number of new cases.

Growth over time by county (n=1,716)



Percent Positive to Date Percent of positive COVID-19 tests may indicate how prevalent the disease is in the population. 3500 14% The highest percent of positive tests (11%) was on March 23, 28, and 30. Testing volume increased greatly at the end of August in preparation for the return of college students. **Percent Positive This Week** Number of Tests Percent Positive (September 16 - September 23) 0.4% 6,387 27,793 **People Tested** Tests this Week this Week 158,189 261,733 People Tested Tests to Date to Date

Vermont Department of Health

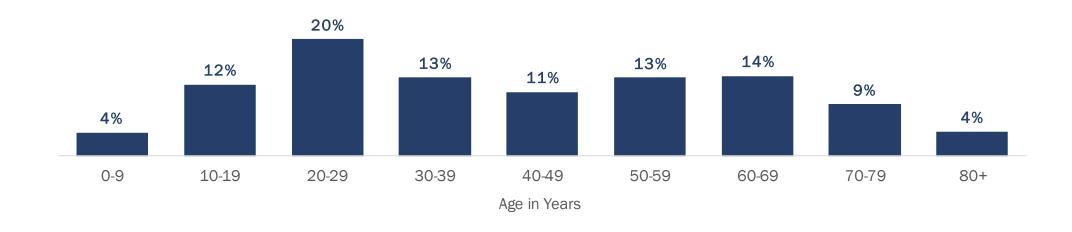
Date of Collection

The **number of people tested** reflects the number of individual people who have had confirmatory testing for COVID-19 in Vermont. Each person is only counted once. The **number of tests** reflects the number of specimens that have had confirmatory for COVID-19 in Vermont. This number may include multiple specimens for one person, the same person tested multiple times, etc. **Percent positive** is the number of people with laboratory confirmed COVID-19 divided by the total number of people tested. None of these numbers include serology or antigen testing.

^{*}Not a stable estimate due to small numbers. There were 8 total tests and 1 was positive.

COVID-19 in Vermont

The proportion of people tested for COVID-19 in Vermont varies across age groups.



More females are tested than males for COVID-19.



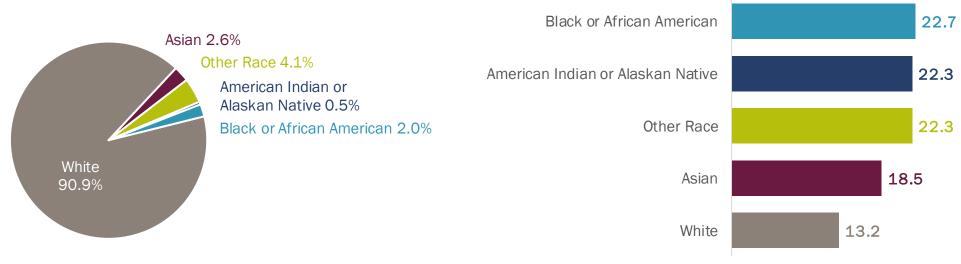
56% of people tested for COVID-19 are female.



44% of people tested for COVID-19 are male.

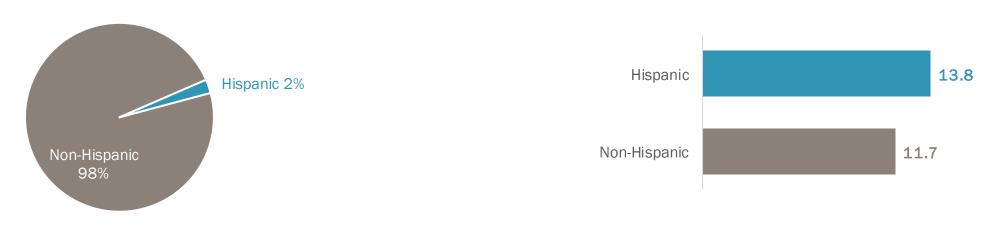
While the majority of people tested in Vermont for COVID-19 are white, the rates are similar across racial groups.

Rates per 100 Vermonters

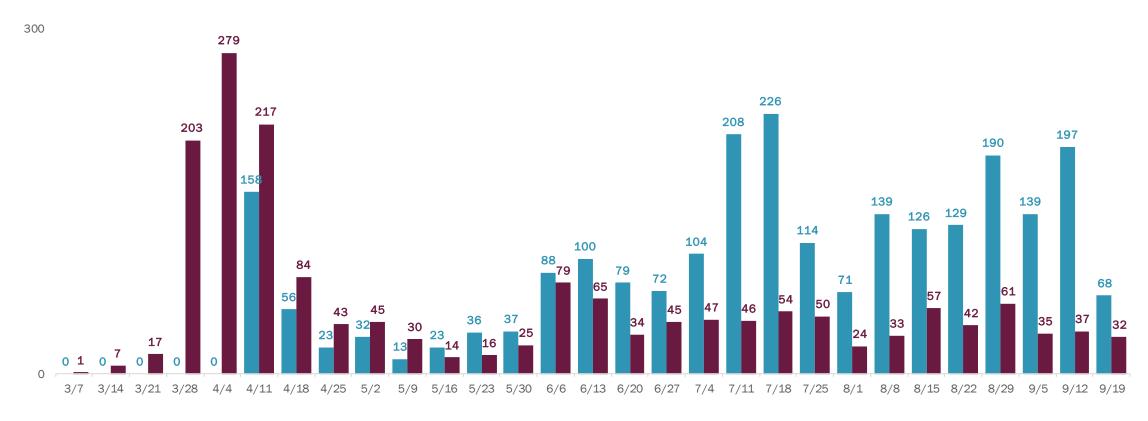


While the majority of people tested in Vermont for COVID-19 are non-Hispanic, the rates are nearly the same across ethnic groups.

Rates per 100 Vermonters



Contact tracers speak with both confirmed cases and their close contacts each week.



65

Number of contact tracers trained

32

Cases interviewed last week

September 13 - September 19

68

Contacts named last week

September 13 - September 19

2

Average number of contacts per case*

*Since March 7

COVID-19 in Vermont

In the last two weeks (from September 6 to September 19):





<u>8</u>-8

99% Of cases were interviewed within 24 hours 90%
Of cases
provided
their close
contacts

49%
Of contacts were tested within 14 days of exposure

7%
Of contacts
became a case

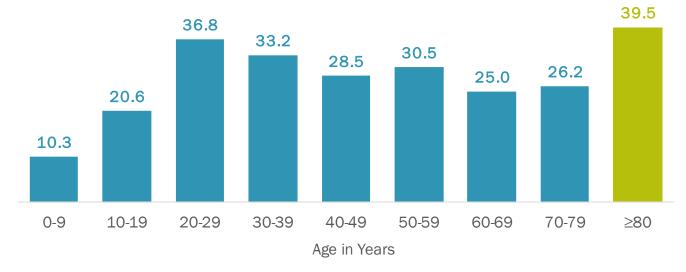
Case Demographics

Who has been impacted by COVID-19 in Vermont?

Case Demographics

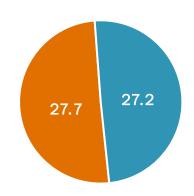
Rates of COVID-19 are highest among Vermonters 80 years and older.

Rate per 10,000 Vermonters



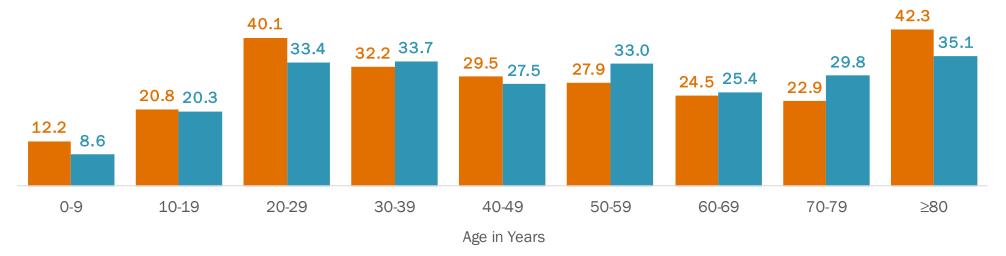
Females and males have similar rates of COVID-19.

Rate per 10,000 Vermonters



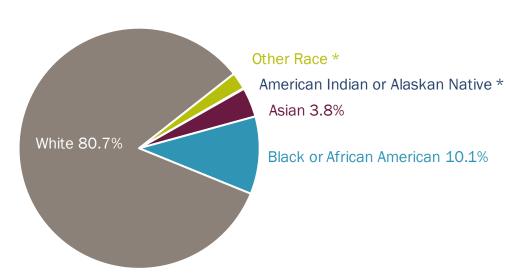
There are differences in age and sex of Vermonters with COVID-19.

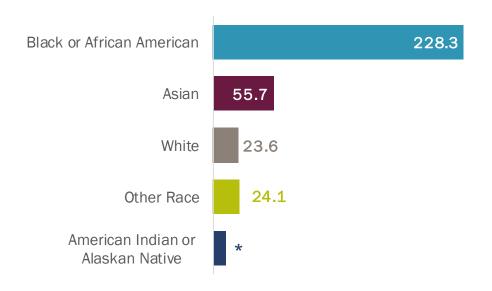
Rates of COVID-19 by Age Group for Females and Males per 10,000 Vermonters



White Vermonters represent the majority of COVID-19 cases. African American Vermonters have the highest rate.

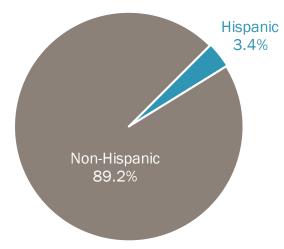
Rate per 10,000 Vermonters

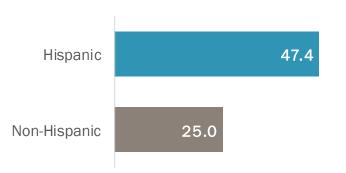




Non-Hispanic Vermonters represent the majority of COVID-19 cases. Hispanic Vermonters have the higher rate.

Rate per 10,000 Vermonters





Other Race includes people who identify as two or more races, or a race other than White, Asian, African American or Black, and American Indian or Alaskan Native.

Note: Race is unknown in 3% of cases (n = 53) and ethnicity is unknown in 7% of cases (n = 128). * Value suppressed due to small numbers.

Approximately 52% of people* with COVID-19 have a pre-existing condition.

* of the 1,404 people that the Health Department has pre-existing condition data for.

Condition	Count	Percentage
Heart Disease	148	11%
Chronic Lung Disease (includes asthma and COPD)	189	13%
Chronic Liver Disease	11	1%
Chronic Kidney Disease	35	2%
Current/Former Smoker	270	19%
Diabetes	118	8%
Immunocompromised Condition	55	4%
Neurologic Condition/Intellectual Disability	38	3%
Other Chronic Condition**	333	24%
Pregnant	14	1%

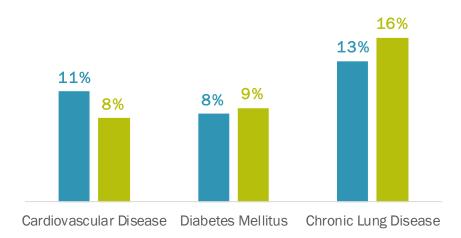
44% of people with a pre-existing condition have two or more conditions.

The Health Department has information about pre-existing conditions in 81% (1,404) of 1,724 total COVID-19 cases.

^{**}Not mutually exclusive, includes things like arthritis, thyroid conditions, multiple free text entries.

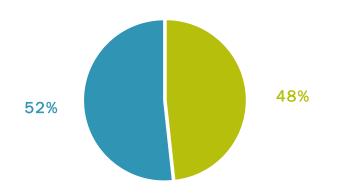
Case Demographics

Prevalence of select conditions in COVID-19 patients and Vermont adults.

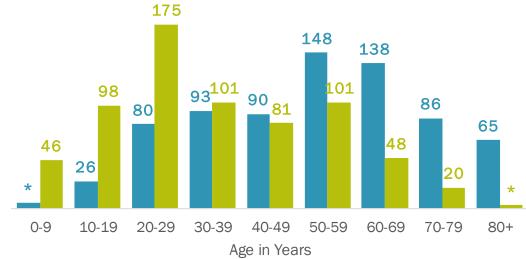


Data Source: Cardiovascular disease and diabetes, BRFSS 2018 annual report. Chronic lung disease, 3-4-50 Community profile (2016-2017 BRFSS).

Prevalence of pre-existing conditions is approximately equal between female and male COVID-19 patients.

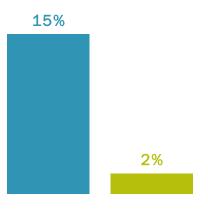


COVID-19 patients with pre-existing conditions tend to be older than those without pre-existing conditions.

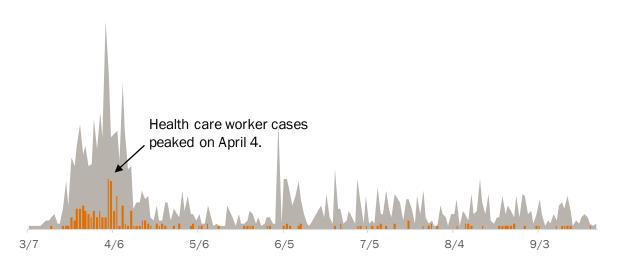


* Value suppressed due to small numbers.

A higher percentage of COVID-19 patients with pre-existing conditions have been hospitalized than those without pre-existing conditions.



Number of New Health Care Worker and All Cases by Day



7 in 10 health care workers with COVID-19 are female.



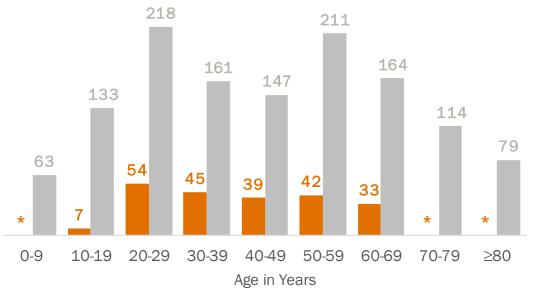
31% of health care workers with COVID-19 are associated with an outbreak.



1 in 6 Vermonters with COVID-19 are health care workers.



Health care workers with COVID-19 tend to be younger than non-health care workers with COVID-19.



^{*} Value suppressed due to small numbers.

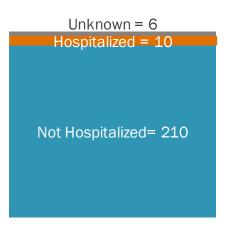
Case Demographics

White Vermonters represent the majority of health care workers with COVID-19.



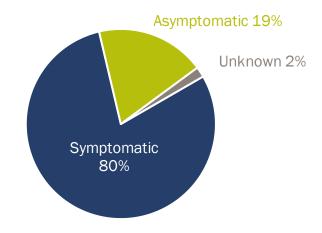
^{*} Value suppressed due to small numbers.

Most health care workers with COVID-19 are not hospitalized.



There are no reported deaths among health care workers.

Most health care workers with COVID-19 have symptoms.

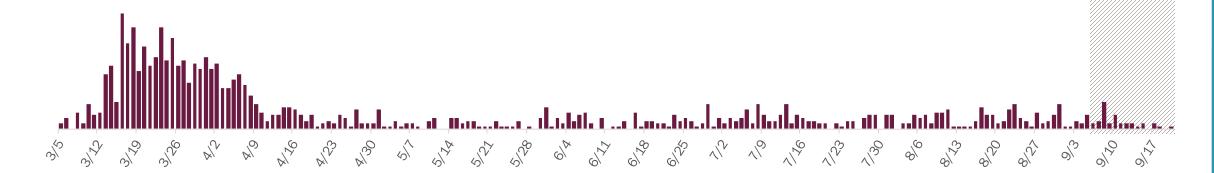


Sign or Symptom among Health Care Workers with COVID-19	Percent of Symptomatic Cases
Cough	71%
Fatigue	63%
Headache	61%
Loss of Smell or Taste	52%
Muscle Pain	49%
Runny nose	46%
Chills	43%
Fever	41%

Clinical Course

What symptoms have Vermonters experienced? How many have been hospitalized? How many have died?

Illnesses occurring in this window may not be reported yet;



median reporting lag = 6 days

Note: Date of symptom onset is not always known.

12 days

Average illness duration

73%

Cases with symptoms

Sign or Symptom	Percent of Symptomatic Cases
Cough	66%
Fatigue	65%
Headache	54%
Muscle Pain	49%
Fever	45%
Loss of Smell/Taste	46%

Most Vermonters with COVID-19 are not hospitalized.



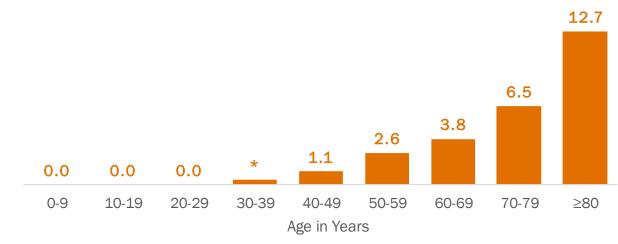
15%Of those hospitalized were on a ventilator

36%Of those hospitalized were in the ICU

9 daysAverage hospital stay
(range: 0-43 days)

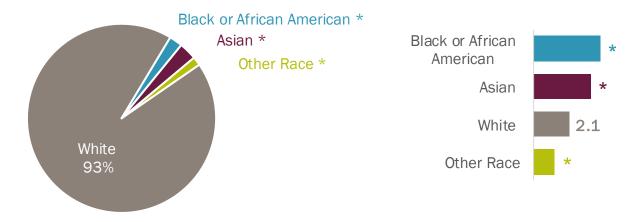
Vermonters 80 years and older are more likely to be hospitalized for COVID-19.

Rate per 10,000 Vermonters



White Vermonters represent a majority of hospitalized COVID-19 cases. Hospitalization rates by race are similar.

Rate per 10,000 Vermonters

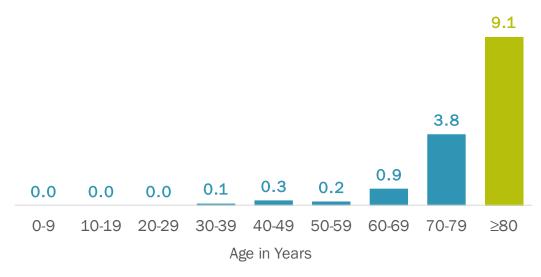


Please note 5 hospitalized persons are missing race information. *Values suppressed due to small numbers.

Clinical Course

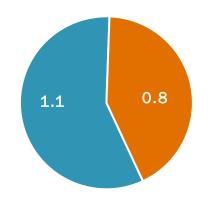
Vermonters 80 years and older have higher rates of COVID-19 death than other age groups.

Rate per 10,000 Vermonters

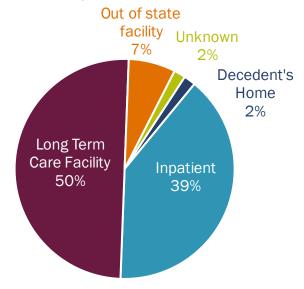


Males and females have similar rates of COVID-19 death.

Rate per 10,000 Vermonters

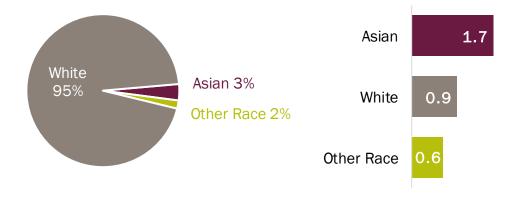


Most COVID-19 deaths occurred in an inpatient hospital setting or a long-term care facility.



White Vermonters represent a majority of COVID-19 deaths. Death rates by race are similar.

Rate per 10,000 Vermonters



Outbreaks

How is COVID-19 impacting group settings?

Outbreaks can occur in many types of places. Here is what outbreak means in these places:

Community Settings

3 or more COVID-19 cases involving more than one family or household where the cases:

- have an illness start date or positive test collection date within 14 days, and
- · are linked through contact or location, and
- are not linked to another outbreak, and
- there is no other more likely source of exposure.

Educational Settings

2 or more COVID-19 cases among children/students or teachers/staff with known connections in the educational setting, and the cases:

- have an illness start date or a positive test collection date within 14 days, and
- Do not live together or have close contact with each other in another setting, and
- there is no other more likely source of exposure.



Congregate Care or Living Settings*

One resident or staff member with COVID-19, and one or more residents or staff with respiratory illness who have had contact with each other.

or

Two or more facility residents and/or staff with an illness start or positive test collection date within 14 days.

*Examples include long-term care and other residential care facilities, correctional facilities and homeless shelters.

Workplaces

2 or more COVID-19 cases among employees at the same workplace, and the cases:

- had contact with each other in the workplace, and
- an illness start or positive test collection date within 14 days, and
- do not live together or have close contact with each other in another setting, and
- there is no other more likely source of exposure.





27% of COVID-19 cases are associated with an outbreak



Outbreaks

3 Active

25 Resolved*

*Resolved outbreaks are those where it has been >28 days since the last known case of COVID-19.

Congregate Care & Living



159

cases among residents



82 cases among facility staff

Schools and Child Care



Workplace



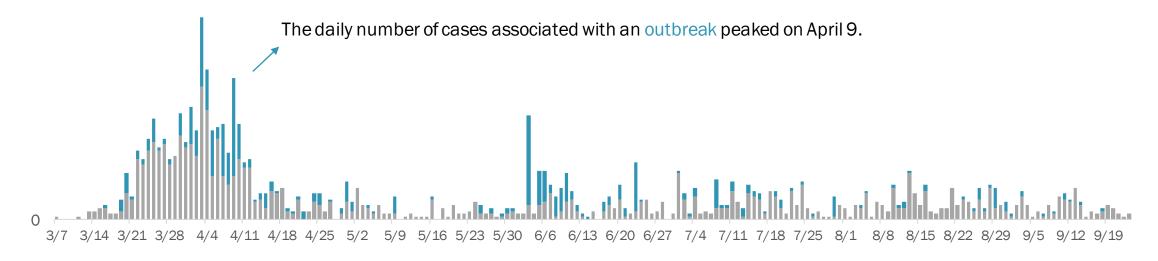
43 cases among

employees

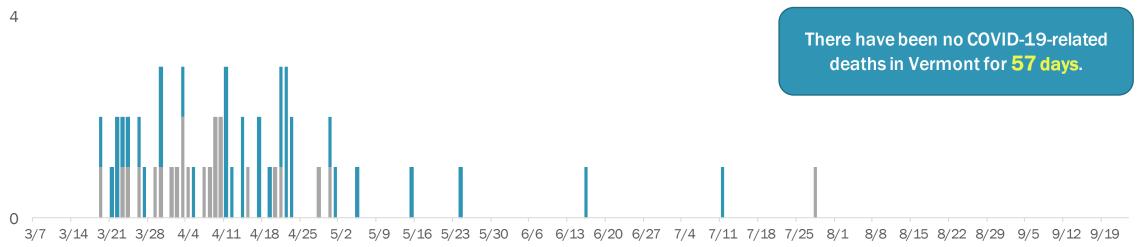
Community



166

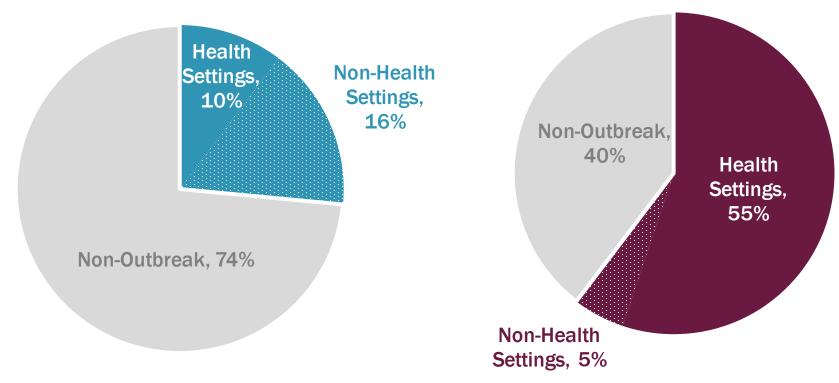


Vermont COVID-19 Deaths Associated with an Outbreak Over Time



Source: Vermont Department of Health Reflects confirmed data as of 9/23/2020.

While only 27% of all COVID-19 cases are associated with outbreaks, more than half of COVID-19-related deaths occur in outbreak settings.



Values in these charts are rounded to the nearest whole number and therefore may not always add to 100% due to error introduced in rounding.

Source: Vermont Department of Health Reflects confirmed data as of 9/23/2020.

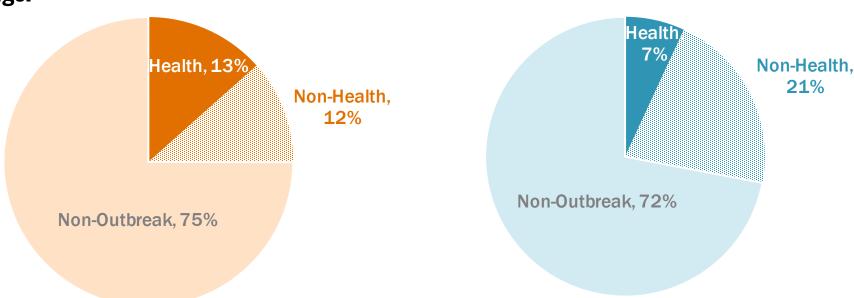
Note: Examples of a health setting include long term care or assisted living facilities, therapeutic treatment centers, and behavioral health institutions. Examples of a non-health setting include correctional facilities, senior housing communities, businesses, and homeless shelters. Vermont has not experienced an outbreak in all health and non-health settings.

25% of females with COVID-19 are associated with an outbreak.



28% of males with COVID-19 are associated with an outbreak.

But in <u>outbreak settings</u>, <u>males</u> with COVID-19 are more likely to be associated with non-health settings than health settings.

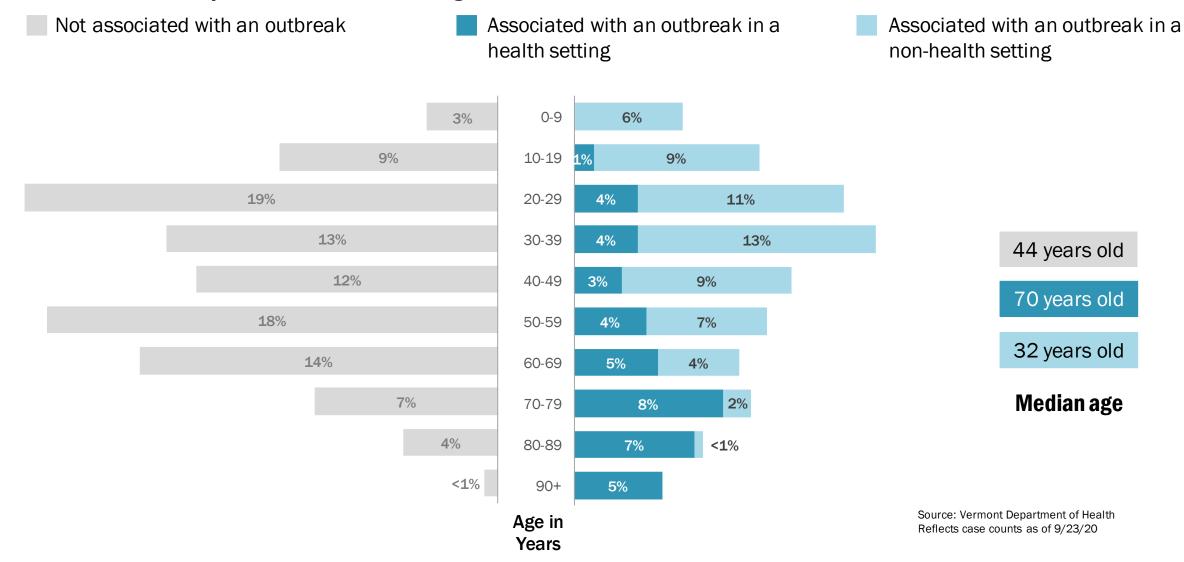


Values in these charts are rounded to the nearest whole number and therefore may not always add to 100% due to error introduced in rounding. Percentages by outbreak type are rounded to the whole number, but combined totals take into account the full percentages.

Source: Vermont Department of Health Reflects case counts as of 9/23/20

Note: Examples of a health setting include long-term care or assisted living facilities, therapeutic treatment centers, and behavioral health institutions. Examples of a non-health setting include correctional facilities, senior housing communities, businesses, and homeless shelters. Vermont has not experienced an outbreak in all health and non-health settings.

Percent of Cases by Outbreak Status and Age



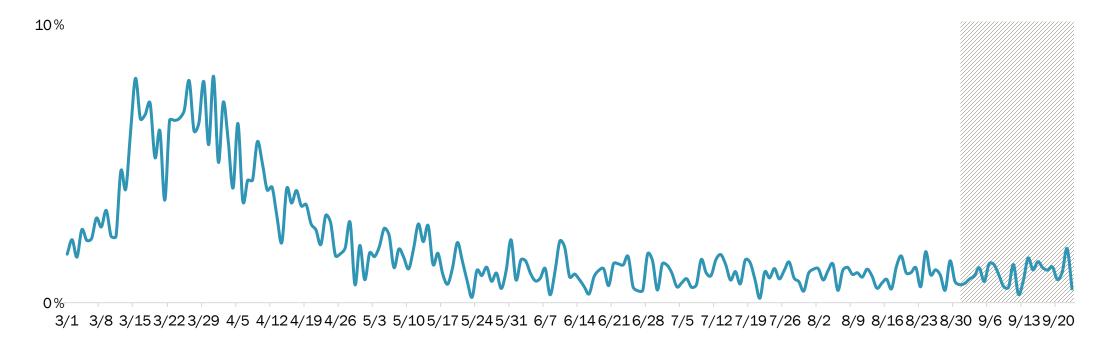
Note: Examples of a health setting include long-term care or assisted living facilities, therapeutic treatment centers, and behavioral health institutions. Examples of a non-health setting include correctional facilities, senior housing communities, businesses, and homeless shelters. Vermont has not experienced an outbreak in all health and non-health settings.

Syndromic Surveillance

What we can learn from emergency room and urgent care centers?

The percent of emergent care visits for COVID-19-like illness remains steady.

Syndromic surveillance from 13 of 14 Vermont hospitals and 2 urgent care centers. Monitoring this data acts as an early indicator of potential spikes of COVID-19 in the community.



Interpret with caution, there is a chance for over or underestimation given the lag in reporting.

COVID-19-like illness diagnosis is determined using the patient's chief complaint and/or discharge diagnosis.

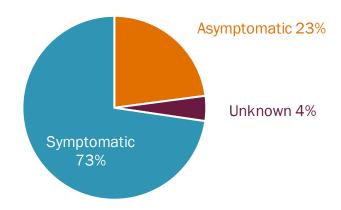
COVID-19-like illness is the presence of a fever with the addition of shortness of breath, difficulty breathing, or cough.

COVID-19-like illness excludes patients with an influenza discharge diagnosis.

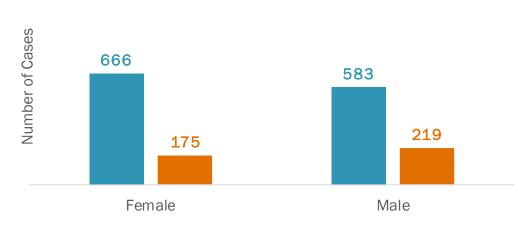
Weekly Spotlight: Symptoms

73% of Vermonters with COVID-19 experience symptoms while 23% of Vermonters with COVID-19 do not experience symptoms.

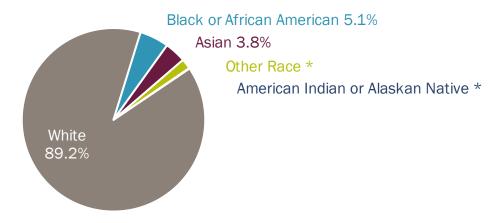
Nearly 3 in 4 Vermonters with COVID-19 experience symptoms.



A larger proportion of females with COVID-19 experience symptoms than those who are asymptomatic, compared to males.

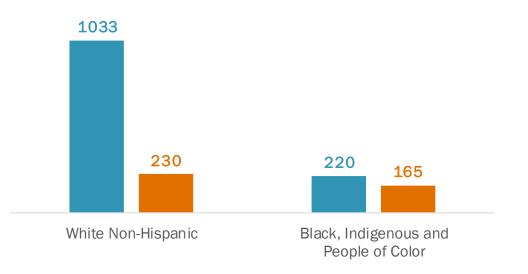


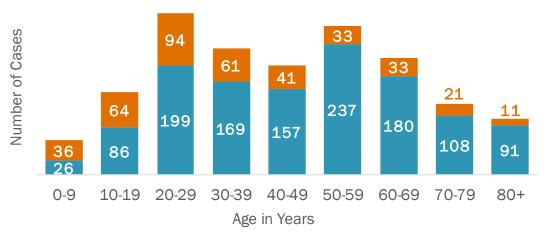
White Vermonters represent the majority of symptomatic COVID-19 cases.



^{*} Value suppressed due to small numbers.

A larger proportion of white non-Hispanic people with COVID-19 experience symptoms than those who are asymptomatic, compared to those who are Black, Indigenous or people of color.

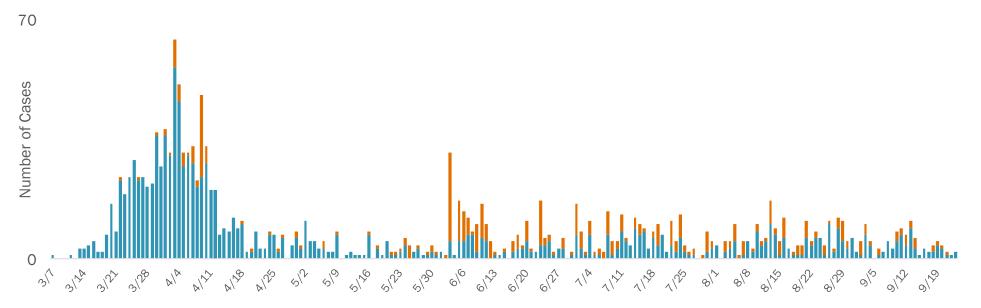




48
Average age of symptomatic cases

35
Average age of asymptomatic cases

The proportion of Vermonters with COVID-19 who are asymptomatic has increased over time.



Weekly Spotlight

Symptoms among Symptomatic Hospitalized Patients with COVID-19

SignorSymptom	PercentofCases
Cough	77%
Fatigue	77%
Shortness of Breath	73%
Fever	65%
Loss of Appetite	53%
Felt Feverish	47%
Chills	45%
Muscle Pain	44%
Loss of Smell or Taste	41%

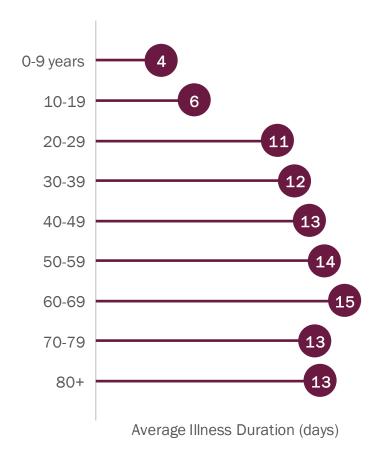
133

Number of cases who were symptomatic and hospitalized

10 days

Average hospital stay among symptomatic cases

Among all cases of COVID-19 who are symptomatic, the average duration of illness tends to be shorter among those who are younger.





Learn more about COVID-19 in Vermont:

Web: www.healthvermont.gov/COVID-19

Email: AHS.VDHPublicCommunication@vermont.gov